

## 附頁

表一：不同風險預測模型評估 HIV 感染者患上冠狀動脈粥樣硬化的靈敏度及特異性

風險預測模型	靈敏度	特異性
傳統心血管風險因素	81.7%	54.5%
視網膜特徵	91.5%	88.6%
結合傳統心血管風險因素 及視網膜特徵	93.0%	93.2%

表二：不同風險預測模型評估 HIV 感染者患上阻塞性冠狀動脈心臟病的靈敏度及特異性

風險預測模型	靈敏度	特異性
傳統心血管風險因素	34.3%	93.5%
視網膜特徵	87.0%	96.7%
結合傳統心血管風險因素 及視網膜特徵	95.7%	97.8%

## Appendix

Table 1: The sensitivity and specificity of different risk prediction models in assessing the risk of **coronary atherosclerosis** in HIV patients

Risk prediction models	Sensitivity	Specificity
Traditional cardiovascular risk factors	81.7%	54.5%
Retinal characteristics	91.5%	88.6%
Traditional cardiovascular risk factors and retinal characteristics combined	93.0%	93.2%

Table 2: The sensitivity and specificity of different risk prediction models in assessing the risk of **obstructive coronary artery disease** in HIV patients

Risk prediction models	Sensitivity	Specificity
Traditional cardiovascular risk factors	34.3%	93.5%
Retinal characteristics	87.0%	96.7%
Traditional cardiovascular risk factors and retinal characteristics combined	95.7%	97.8%