Appendix

Recommendations to further enhance the dissemination of cervical cancer prevention information among local South Asian ethnic minority people in Hong Kong

1. Allocate more resources to the training of community health workers
   - The Government should consider allocating more resources to local non-governmental organisations serving ethnic minorities, allowing them to train additional staff members, who can train more South Asians to become community health workers. This would help facilitate the train-the-trainer approach to promoting cervical cancer screening among South Asian ethnic minorities in Hong Kong.

2. Strengthen community-academic-clinical partnerships to promote public health
   - Collaboration between healthcare research teams, District Health Centres/General Practitioners and community organisations serving local ethnic minorities should be fostered to implement health promotion programmes, not only for South Asian ethnic minorities, but also the general public. Community organisations have the network to recruit participants for health promotion programmes; healthcare research teams can provide evidence-based training to ethnic minority community health workers and evaluate the outcomes of the programmes; and District Health Centres and General Practitioners can provide health advice and cancer screening services. Collaboration among the three parties can enable the wider dissemination of health promotion strategies to the public.