



Question 1: What are the Educational and Career **Expectations of HK Adolescents?**

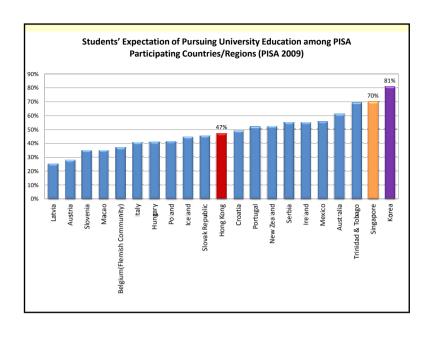
Overview

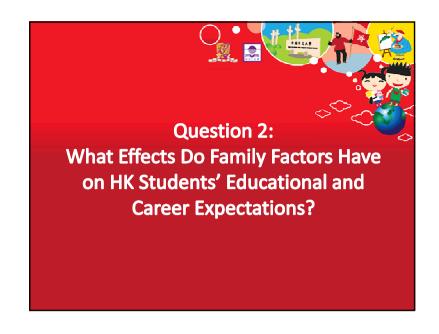
- 1. What are the Educational and Career Expectations of HK Adolescents?
- 2. What Effects Do Family Factors Have on HK **Students' Educational and Career Expectations?**
- 3. What Effects Does SES Have on High Achievers' **Educational and Career Expectations?**
- 4. How Do Our Students Access Education and Career-**Related Information?**
- 5. How Do Background Factors Affect Students' Access of Education and Career-Related Information?

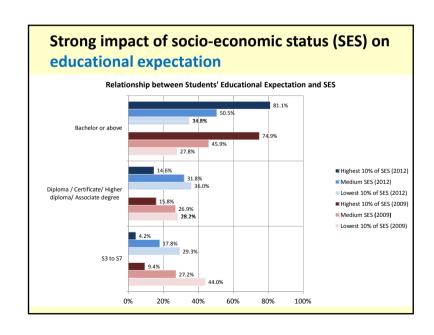
• Sample size in Hong Kong (15-year-old students): PISA 2009 = 4531

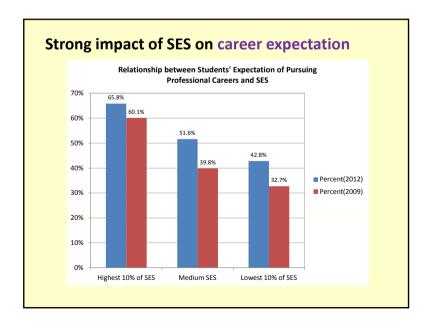
PISA 2012 = 4479

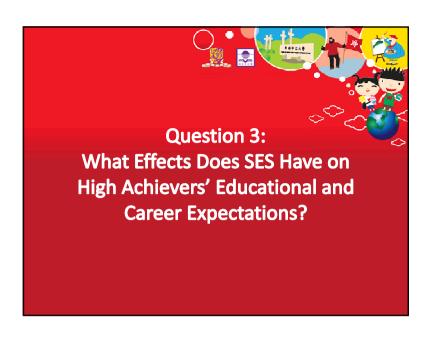
• Educational Expectation of HK Students

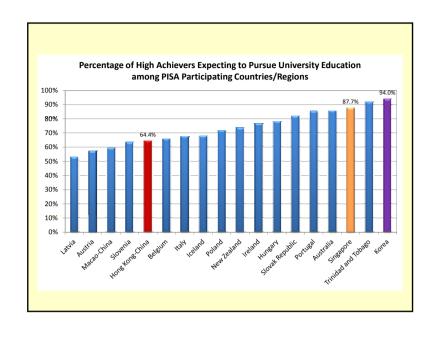


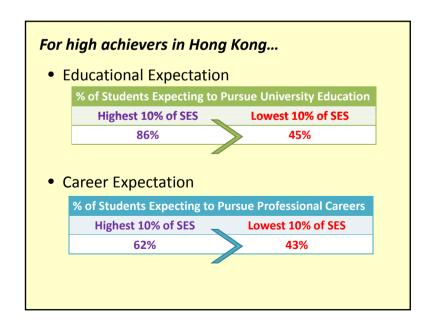


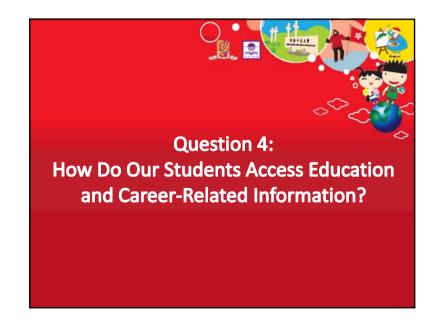




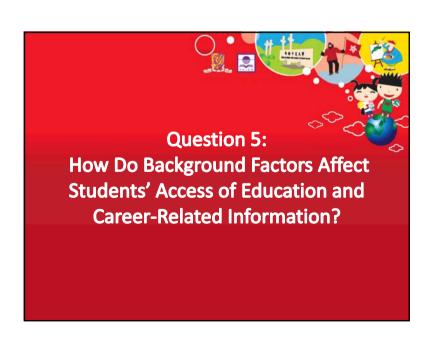


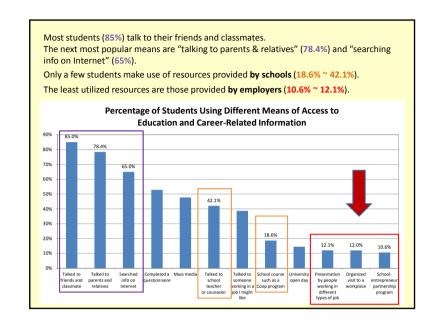


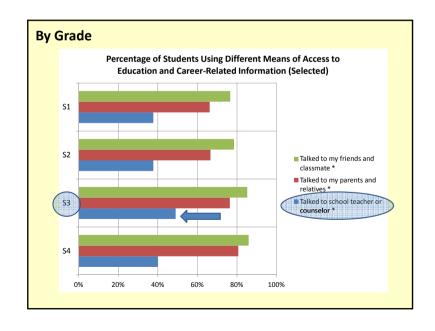


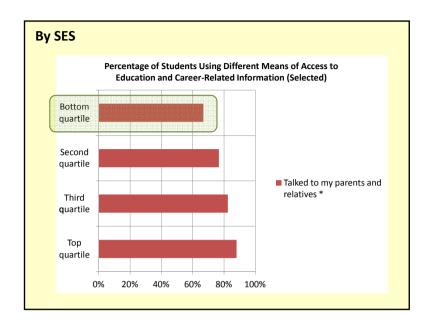


- Most students (91.2%) think that it is important to decide their future career or work.
- A majority of students (72.6%) think they know their own interests & abilities well enough to make such a decision.
- However, less than half (46.9%) of the students think they have enough knowledge about different kinds of occupations to make a choice about their future.



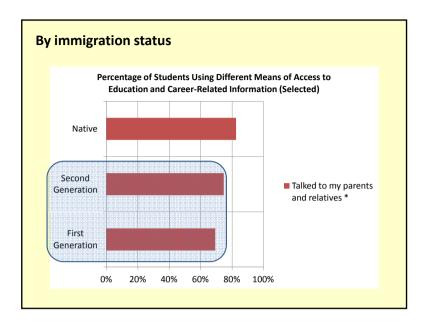








- ① Educational expectation of HK students are on average lower compared with students from other countries (e.g. Korea, Singapore, New Zealand)
- ② Family SES has significant impact on students' educational and career expectations
- ③ Even high achievers' educational and career expectations are likely to be constrained by SES
- Despite students' awareness of the importance of educational and career planning, they lack related knowledge to make an informed choice (esp. low-SES students)



Implications

- Our concern
 - Student' reliance on parents/relatives for related information
 - Limited information access esp. of low-SES students
- Role of schools
 - Very important to provide related information for students (esp. from low-SES and immigrant families)
 - May take the initiative to support parents and mobilize community resources to support students (esp. disadvantaged students)
- Role of entrepreneurs
 - Entrepreneurial commitment is essential
 - Expertise and time
 - Be concerned about NOT only the earning but also the learning
 - Not only be consumers of human resources but also be investors
- Implication for research
 - How do students construct their educational and career expectations over the three years of NSS studies?
 - In a long run whether their dreams come true can be examined in the longitudinal study - HKLSA

Longitudinal Study of Adolescents in Hong Kong (HKLSA)

- First systematic longitudinal study
 for tracing the patterns of transition of
 HK adolescents under the NSS curriculum
- Representative sample:
 HKPISA 2012 student sample (16-year-olds)
 No. of students: 3494; No. of schools: 125
- Duration: 3 Years
- First questionnaire survey: May-June 2013

The future belongs to those who believe in the beauty of their dreams. Thank you http://www.fed.cuhk.edu.hk/~hkpisa/

of Adolescents in Hong Kong (HKLSA)

- Significance
 - Document students' educational and occupations choices under NSS
 - ② Identify important factors that shape the different ways of transition of HK students
 - Find out the impact of NSS curriculum on students' educational and career planning
 - ① Understand the possible pathways of students with different abilities, in particular, how high-ability students from disadvantaged background overcome financial barriers and maintain high future aspiration with the support of parents, teachers and schools

Research Team Members of Longitudinal Study of Adolescents in Hong Kong

Professor Ho Sui Chu Esther
Professor Chung Yue Ping
Professor Wong Sin Kwok Raymond
Professor Glenn Shive