Mr Chan Chee-hoi, Warren, LLB, PCLL, QC, SC

Mr Warren Chan is well known within the legal profession as a highly respected senior counsel. The challenges he faced in achieving that success, his rise from an impoverished childhood in public housing to a career as a barrister and home on the Peak, are an inspiration to all. His is an iconic Hong Kong success story of education, perseverance, and a fighting spirit that defied all obstacles.

As the old saying goes, "A man is not born to greatness, but he achieves so through selfimprovement!" This quote, often cited by Mr Chan to encourage young people to work harder, reflects his own life experiences. Born into a poor family and raised in Sham Shui Po, Mr Chan had to work part-time to support himself when he was a student. This poor living conditions limited his study time, making academic achievement a struggle.

Upon graduating from secondary school, Mr Chan was awarded the opportunity to study history at the Chung Chi College at The Chinese University of Hong Kong. He acquired a newfound joy for learning, a thirst for books and knowledge, and a desire to succeed in life as he delved into the ancient and modern history and culture of China and other nations. He gained new insights and explored new ways of thinking about the world around him.

Mr Chan has often said that the year he spent at Chung Chi College was the happiest and most fruitful of his academic life. This was the school that turned him from a scholar into an intellectual, and it was during this period that he began to envision a new plan for his future. Due to his outstanding marks, after a year of studying history at the Chinese University, Mr Chan was admitted to the Faculty of Law at the University of Hong Kong as an independent student.

At the University of Hong Kong, Mr Chan worried that he was not as proficient in English as his classmates, many of whom came from famous English schools. Nevertheless his results were among the best in his year, a testament to his dedication to his studies and his determination to improve himself. He read extensively and poured himself into his legal case studies with tremendous drive and commitment. When he completed the law programme at the university, Mr Chan was ranked top in the class, and was as well the only graduate to obtain a first class honours degree.

Upon recalling the hardships of those years, Mr Chan warns against giving up. "Don't complain or ask others to shoulder the burden for you. Learning to adapt and overcome hardships makes us stronger in the end, and is the path to true success in life. Too fortunate a start in life gives you no motivation to excel, which is the worst thing for a young person. Poverty in one's youth is priceless!" Mr Chan believes, based on his own experience, that "hardship in early life is priceless", as it's an excellent motivator for success.

After graduating, Mr Chan was called to the Hong Kong Bar, and in 1983 to the Bar in England. In 1994, he was appointed Queen's Counsel (now known as Senior Counsel).

Mr Chan is not merely a representative of the law, but of the people. His concern for the underprivileged has earned him widespread respect in the community, although as a modest man, he prefers to keep a low profile. When not at work or giving voice to social issues, he is often found reading and enjoying the company of his family.

The changing economic and social landscape has led Mr Chan to focus on the protection of rule of law and legal education in Hong Kong and the mainland, where he believes there will be greater need for high quality lawyers. He believes that promoting rule of law and legal education remains the major challenge for the modernization of China. To this end he supports the Law School of Tsinghua University, and has greatly assisted the Chinese University in establishing the School of Law in 2004. In addition to his financial support, Mr Chan has also lent his expertise in such ways as arranging the donation of books by C Y Kwan & Co and solicitor Mr K K Chu, which have become an important collection within the University's Law Library.

Mr Chan also gave his support to the Faculty of Law of the University, and to the development of programmes in the Department of History and Department of Philosophy in 2007. This generosity of character and spirit, along with his determination to set students on a path to success, have earned Mr Chan the appreciation and admiration of many.

Since its establishment, the Faculty of Law of the University has developed rapidly and demonstrated impressive results. In 2010, the law students won the first place for their written arguments and awarded the Hardy C Dillard Award for Best Memorials at the Philip C Jessup International Law Moot Court Competition held in Washington, D C. It is one of the world's most prestigious moots, featuring more than 580 teams from 86 countries worldwide. In 2012, another team of law students won the championship and the LAWASIA Trophy for Best Memorial at the 7th LAWASIA International Moot Competition. At every step, Mr Chan has provided support and encouragement, from establishing the Warren Chan Moot Court in the Graduate Law Centre in Central for students to practice, to establishing an advocacy fund.

In addition to developing promising legal talents, Mr Chan is also a keen promoter of sustainable personal growth, and the cultivation of social responsibility among the Chinese University students. In 2012, his donation to the Chinese University's I · CARE Programme encouraged students to join a variety of social and civic activities that served the community.

Mr Chairman, I have the great honour of presenting to you Mr Chan Chee-hoi Warren, esteemed barrister and model for the legal profession in Hong Kong, who has devoted himself tirelessly to the development of legal education in China and Hong Kong, for the award of an Honorary Fellowship of the University.

Dr Chan Sui-kau, GBM, GBS, OBE, DBA (Hon), DSSc (Hon), JP

In the classical story of *Mencius and King Hui of Liang*, an ideal society in ancient times is one in which elders are clothed in silk, and citizens are offered a proper education and learn to love and respect for parents and the elderly. Such a society, it is said, will lead to the kingship being passed down and nationwide peace realized. As translated to modern society, Mencius's "clothed in silk" means quality clothing. That is to say, people's livelihood and happiness starts with decent clothing, and ends with an ultimate goal of a proper education.

A native of Dongguan, Guangdong Province, Dr Chan Sui-kau was born into a family with a history in the manufacturing and trading of gambiered Canton silk. With this background in the textile industry, Dr Chan understood the importance of clothing to people's welfare. He founded Yangtzekiang Garment Limited in 1949, becoming an industrialist and entrepreneur at the exceptionally young age of 23. His business has since grown from a small factory with no more than 100 workers to a publicly listed corporation that today boasts 10,000 employees worldwide. With annual earnings of over US\$400 million, the corporation is now a vital contributor to the world textile industry. Dr Chan's highly successful career is the product of his diligence and shrewd management, a flexible operation that kept abreast of world trends, and a drive to keep his business always moving forward. He diversified his enterprise into areas such as knitting, merchandising, manufacturing, wholesaling and retailing, exporting mainly to Europe, the US, Japan, and southeast Asian countries. In 1987, the group spun off its wholesaling and retailing branch and established another publicly listed corporation, YGM Trading Limited, which now has 320 outlets all over the world.

Yangtzekiang Garment Limited has its roots in Hong Kong and stands as a representation of the city's accomplishments in the textile industry. Although he is a prominent industrialist, Dr Chan has always been grateful to the people who have made him what he is today, and for decades he has worked tirelessly in support of the rights of the industry and its workers. In the 1960s, Dr Chan united with representatives from textile trade associations and succeeded in lobbying the government for a fair quota system. In 1988, he worked closely with entrepreneurs in the local spinning, weaving, knitting, dyeing and clothing sectors to create the Textile Council of Hong Kong, a union that represents the interests and development of the entire industry. Dr Chan was elected the council's first Chairman.

Dr Chan has also attended to the welfare of workers in the garment industry. During negotiations between employers and workers, he helped hammer out a reward scheme that ensured long-serving employees received just compensation. His ability to remain impartial, despite being an employer himself, earned him the trust of both sides. A distinguished and respected figure in the textile industry, Dr Chan has a long record of public service. He has served as a Member of the Textile Advisory Board of the Trade Department, Chairman of the Garment Advisory Committee of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council, the Clothing Industry Training Authority, and President of the Federation of Hong Kong Garment Manufacturers. He has also served as Chairman of the Textile Council of Hong Kong, and is currently the Council's Honorary Chairman. As an outstanding industrialist and leader, Dr Chan showed excellent leadership during these tenures, successfully unifying different sectors in the industry to make concerted contributions.

Mencius believed that the people should be fed, dressed and then offered a proper education, a principle Dr Chan also upholds. After his garment business matured, Dr Chan turned his energies to the promotion of education by making donations in support of education in both Hong Kong and mainland China. With beneficiaries across the border including Shunde Chen Huinan Memorial High School, Wuxi No.1 High School, Peking University, Shanghai Jiaotung University, Jinan University, South China Agricultural University, Panyu Polytechnic, Dongguan University of Technology, University of Macau, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, Hong Kong Baptist University, City University of Hong Kong, The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, and The Chinese University of Hong Kong, a great many students benefitted from Dr Chan's generosity. The Chinese University of Hong Kong, for example, has received generous donations from Dr Chan and his family's charity trust in support of the Institute of Chinese Medicine and the I · CARE programme. The Institute of Chinese medicine aims to promote research in Chinese medicine, including multiple functions of authentication, quality control, safety assurance, clinical trials, drug development, information centre and public education. Through Dr Chan's donation, the Institute was able to further advance its research for the benefits of staff and students of the University and the wider community. The $I \cdot CARE$ programme enables students to participate in different social and civic engagement programmes, and promotes social enterprises and corporate social responsibility measures. It also invites world-renowned scholars to give university lectures on civility, thereby helping students engage in whole-person development. During the University's golden jubilee celebration, Dr Chan also made a contribution to a charitable project jointly held by the Chinese University and the Wu Zhi Qiao (Bridge to China) Charitable Foundation. The project allowed a team of 80 volunteer teachers and students from the Chinese University, Peking University, Xi'an Jiaotong University, Stanford University and Oxford University to go to an impoverished village in Gansu Province and help build a footbridge. The new bridge not only provided villagers a way to cross the river, it also provided children a safe way to get to school. Named "CUHK Golden Jubilee Wu Zhi Qiao", the bridge represents the University's hopes for sustainable development at its 50th anniversary, as well as Dr Chan's unending love for his deceased wife Mrs Chan Lam Moon-chun, memorialised in the Mandarin Wu Zhi, "endless". The couple wed in 1944, and through six decades of love and support set a timeless example for modern marriages.

Dr Chan's support of education extends beyond geographic boundaries, such as in his support for the China Synergy Programme for Outstanding Youth. This programme provides scholarships that have allowed Chinese tertiary students living abroad to return to mainland China for a cultural exchange. Thanks to Dr Chan's generosity, this programme has had a profound impact, offering these students a better understanding of the modern motherland and their own cultural heritage, and paving the way for a possible return after graduation. The China Synergy Programme for Outstanding Youth has been held for 11 years, providing scholarships to over 1,000 outstanding Chinese tertiary students.

Dr Chan's generosity has also extended to the health of his fellow citizens. His donation enabled the establishment of Dongguan Medical Aid Foundation, Guangdong Institute of Ophthalmology and Visual Sciences, and the construction of the outpatient building of Panyu Sanatorium, the Princess Margaret Hospital Charitable Trust, Centre for Sports Rehabilitation in Guangzhou of the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. His charitable spirit has helped countless patients receive timely medical treatment.

For his active participation in philanthropic public services, Dr Chan was appointed a Justice of the Peace in 1983, and received an Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire in 1988. From 1993 to 2003, Dr Chan was also appointed a member of the People's Political Consultative Committee of the People's Republic of China. The Hong Kong SAR Government honoured Dr Chan with the Gold Bauhinia Star in 2002, and the Grand Bauhinia Medal, its highest honour, in 2008, in recognition of his immense contributions to Hong Kong and the whole China. He was awarded honorary doctorates from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, City University of Hong Kong and The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in 2001, 2007 and 2008 respectively. His significant contributions to the cause of education have earned him respect and admiration by people all over the city. Dr Chan is also Honourable Citizen of the cities of Dongguan, Guangzhou, Foshan and Wuxi.

Mr Chairman, I have the great honour of presenting to you Dr the Honourable Chan Sui-kau, a respected senior with a heart for social welfare, a great entrepreneur and contributor for Hong Kong's textile industry, a selfless philanthropist for education in Hong Kong and the whole China, for the award of an Honorary Fellowship of the University.

Honorary Fellow A Citation

Mr Huen Wing-ming, Patrick

Like twin jewels, the cities of Hong Kong and Macau shine in brilliant complement to each other.

Over the past century, trade between China and the West has soared, with Hong Kong and Macau both serving as a crucial facilitator. Strategically located at the southern gateway to China, these two cities serve as a springboard for merchandise and tourists entering and exiting China. Frequent interaction with other parts of the world has made a profound impact on the people of Hong Kong and Macau, who acted as pioneers in the late Qing dynasty reforms and the Open Door Policy of modern China.

A propitious land naturally breeds talent. The past century has seen a host of distinguished figures emerge from these two cities to make lasting political, economic and cultural contributions. Mr Huen Wing-ming Patrick is one of them.

Mr Huen is a native of Shanshui, Guangdong Province. Born in 1941 in Kuming, Yunnan Province, he grew up in an impoverished and war-ravaged environment. His father worked for China's air force during the Second World War, and was responsible for aircraft maintenance and munitions supply. In 1949, his family followed the army as it retreated south, en route to Taiwan via Yunnan, Guizhou, Guangxi and Guangdong. The Huen family chose to settle in Hong Kong, making their home in Kowloon City. As a young man, Mr Huen started his career right after graduating from secondary school, joining the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation at a junior level in 1963. His strong perseverance, ambition and practical skills won him the trust of his expatriate superior, and he was given important assignments – an unusual practice at the time.

As a modest man, Mr Huen understood his limitations and dedicated enormous time and energy to self-improvement, despite the heavy workload involved in his job. With tremendous determination, he obtained an associate member of the Chartered Institute of Bankers in the UK. He later joined the Chief Accountant Office, which gave him the opportunity to learn the ins and outs of banking.

In the 1970s, Mr Huen left for BNP Paribas and worked as a branch manager for approximately eight years. Afterwards, in 1979, he joined Dr Stanley Ho Hung-sun's Shun Tak Holdings Limited and helped to form the consortium that developed the Shun Tak Centre and new Hong Kong-Macau Ferry Terminal projects. His exceptional management skills and business ideas helped deliver successes in numerous development and financing projects. With the trust of the shareholders, he was invited into Shun Tak Centre's Board of Directors, and later promoted to Executive Director of Shun Tak Holdings Limited, becoming a distinguished entrepreneur in both Hong Kong and Macau.

In 1989, Mr Huen was responsible for the successful financing of Sociedade de Turismo e Diversões de Macau in the construction of Macau's new international airport. With convenient sea and air traffic access in place, Macau became a new transport hub across the straits of China. Mr Huen also helped the group acquire Seng Heng Bank, and was appointed its Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director. Seng Heng Bank recorded enormous growth under his leadership, and since 2001 has won a number of international awards from *The Banker* and *Global Finance*, including Bank of the Year for Macau and Best Bank in Macau. After the acquisition of Seng Heng Bank by the Industrial and Commercial Bank of China, Mr Huen served as its Vice-Chairman and Executive Director.

After the sovereignty of Macau was returned to China in 1999, Mr Huen was appointed a University council member of Macau University, a member of the Economic Council of the Macau SAR Government, a member of the Trustee Committee of the Science and Technology Development Fund of the Macau SAR Government and a shareholder representative nominated by the Macau SAR Government to the Macau New Technologies Incubator Centre. During these tenures in public service, he provided innovative and constructive suggestions on Macau's tertiary education, regional development and city planning.

Mr Huen's contributions to and influence in both Hong Kong and Macau are not confined to the economic sector. He has also been a keen advocate of society welfare provisions and charitable causes, contributing enormously to the tertiary education, medical care, social and cultural developments of these cities.

In recent years, Mr Huen devoted his efforts to diversifying Macau's economy, while promoting increased trade between China and Portugal, the European Union and other Portuguese-speaking countries. With the goal of advancing Macau's technological standards, Mr Huen is currently creating a data centre and media lab in the city.

Mr Huen is a keen supporter of academic exchanges and complementary cooperation between The Chinese University of Hong Kong and the University of Macau. He also helped leverage Hong Kong's well-developed medical system to benefit Macau and the Western Pearl River Delta. In 2005, Mr Huen was the driver behind the establishment of the Dr Stanley Ho Medical Development Foundation, which aims to improve the quality of Macau's medical service. The Faculty of Medicine of the Chinese University took note of this ambitious project, and for the past nine years, the faculty has given the Foundation full support in their annual symposium in Macau.

Mr Huen also dedicated himself to the establishment of the Macau Alzheimer's Disease Association, founded to enhance standards of medical care locally, and became its Chairman. In 2011, the Association's opening ceremony was attended by former Vice-Chancellor of the Chinese University and Nobel laureate in Physics Professor the Honourable Charles Kao and Lady Kao, Honorary Chairwoman of the Association. Thanks to Mr Huen's efforts in its promotion and development, the Association has improved service and raised awareness in the region. The Association has also joined Alzheimer's Disease International as a new member. Mr Huen is a major contributor behind all these achievements.

Lest we forget, Mr Huen has also given massive support to the Chinese University, with farsighted and well-considered donations to the Faculty of Medicine and Shaw College, of which he now serves as a member of both the Board of Trustees and Finance Committee. He also donated to the construction of the Shaw College Huen Wing Ming Building, which houses a multi-purpose learning centre to encourage and assist in the use of technology for teachers and students alike. Equipped with two open-space learning and thinking platforms, the centre explores new avenues to technological research in search of new breakthroughs.

In addition to helping found the Patrick Huen Wing Ming Professorship of Systems Engineering and Engineering Management, Mr Huen also assisted Dr Stanley Ho Medical Development Foundation in the establishment of the Stanley Ho Centre for Emerging Infectious Diseases of the Chinese University. His vision, his passion, and devotion of time, energy and support to the development of the University's Faculty of Engineering and Faculty of Medicine are highly admired.

Mr Chairman, I have the great honour of presenting to you Mr Huen Wing-ming Patrick, a farsighted and highly committed contributor, who has devoted tremendous efforts on the developments of education, economy and technology in both Hong Kong and Macau, and given generous donations to the Chinese University's Shaw College, the Faculty of Medicine and the Faculty of Engineering, for the award of an Honorary Fellowship of the University.

Honorary Fellow A Citation

Professor Lee Kam-hon, BCom, MCom, PhD

What is marketing and why does it matter? Why is tourism so significant for Hong Kong? The answers form a kind of parable of Hong Kong itself, or indeed of the modern service economy in general: and they come from one of this University's most dedicated servants. But first, who is he?

There can be few more shining examples of loyalty to this University than Professor Lee Kam-hon. In fact by definition that would be impossible. Professor Lee has been at the Chinese University for exactly the length of time that the University itself has existed. 2013 is its 50th anniversary, and it is also the 50th anniversary of his arrival as an undergraduate in the then Department of Business Management. His classmates at school in Macau, where his family lived, all wanted to be engineers, doctors or scientists; but young Kam-hon from an early age had a different and in some ways a deeper sense of how he might contribute to the distinctive future profile of Hong Kong as an innovative economy. His loyalty to this institution has always been combined with a strong sense of how he can best help it to flourish in the local and international contexts.

Lee came to university here rather than in Taiwan, as he had originally intended. This was not just to remain closer to his family, but because he had heard about the business studies program at the new University. He went to United College because that had the reputation of being the "business" college, while New Asia was "arts" and Chung Chi was "science". After that he was in only the second batch of students, 12 in all, to enroll in the new MBA, turning down an offer of employment from IBM in order to do so. After MBA he took up an offer as an Assistant Lecturer at Chung Chi College, turning down an offer from South Sea Textiles although it seemed likely for a while that a bursary from South Sea Textiles although it phD in the United States that he so wanted; in the end a University PhD Fellowship (United Board for Christian Higher Education in Asia Fellowship via Chung Chi College) came along instead. But Professor Lee always retained his ability to mediate between business and academia, and this ability has been to the benefit of both.

On his return from the PhD, which was at Northwestern University, Professor Lee rose up steadily through the academic ranks from Assistant Lecturer to Professor in the Department of Marketing. Along the way he became in 1987 the Director of that same MBA he had joined as one of its first students 20 years before; six years after that he became Dean of the Faculty of Business Administration. Among his achievements in that role, colleagues might remember his initiative in designing and launching the first Executive MBA of its kind in all of Asia: still to this day one of the jewels in the crown of this University, and one of the most highly regarded EMBA degrees in the world. He set an international research

standard; under his leadership the faculty became the first business school in Asia invited to go through the accreditation process at AACSB International (Association to Advance Collegiate Schools of Business International).

He was able to do this largely because of that unusual ability to understand both business and academia, and therefore to see the bigger economic picture. Over his working life at CUHK Professor Lee has taught at or consulted for many companies and policy institutions, including the World Bank, Hang Seng Bank, Coca-Cola (China), Procter and Gamble (Guangzhou), Hong Kong Tourist Association, Du Pont Asia Pacific Ltd, Hong Kong Disneyland, Hyatt International and Shangri-la Hotels and Resorts. Out of this feel for business combined with his academic understanding arose his answer to the primary questions of what marketing is and why tourism matters.

Professor Lee himself defines marketing as the meeting of customer needs better than competitors, at a profit, with an appropriate business mix. And on the macro scale this may mean meeting the needs of a modernizing society. Professor Lee realized well before 1997 that Hong Kong's staple manufacturing businesses were already moving to the mainland; that this trend would greatly increase after the handover; and that the city would for the first time in its history face widespread unemployment if some alternative use could not be found for its cheap unskilled labour. The answer was tourism: hotels, entertainment, leisure attractions in general. The shift from manufacturing to tourism was in fact the leading edge of the wider shift to services and knowledge industries which is now happening on the mainland itself and is the distinctive feature of modern post-industrial economies.

But of course even if tourism as the leading industry of the new service sector can provide employment for a large and relatively unskilled workforce, it still also needs many trained people to take up the leadership role. At the same time the business workforce itself, not just the tourism sector, has to internationalize in order to remain competitive with best practice worldwide.

This means better business schools in general, and better tourism schools in particular, informed by the best marketing theory (especially in cross-cultural marketing, since tourists come from diverse cultures), and accredited to the very highest standard. The culmination of Professor Lee's efforts, having become Director of the School of Hotel and Tourism Management in 2001, was the launching and eventual completion of the Teaching Hotel project and the opening of the Cheng Yu Tung Building in 2011.

All this Professor Lee, now Emeritus Professor Lee, loyally delivered for The Chinese University of Hong Kong—instead of perhaps making a fortune for himself in business! And he also helped to deliver it for Hong Kong, which is now a highly successful service economy, and even for China, since the opening-up of the Chinese tourism market, both inbound and outbound, is a key marker of China's large-scale shift to a services economy.

For his foresight in recognizing the importance to Hong Kong of marketing and tourism, and for his fifty years of loyalty in delivering some of the benefits of this major economic development to this University, it gives me great pleasure, Mr Chairman, to present to you Emeritus Professor Lee Kam-hon for the award of an Honorary Fellowship of the University.

This citation is written by Professor Simon Haines

Dr Lee Lok-sze, Rebecca, MH, DHum (Hon)

Chinese philosopher Xunzi has mentioned in his writing, *An Exhortation to Learning*, that "one needs to climb a high mountain to know how high the sky is, and one needs to approach a deep ravine to know how deep is the earth," stressing that only from looking down at the earth at the high mountains would allow one to realize the magnificence of the heavenly, while only from watching the sky at the extreme lands would allow one to understand the mysteries of the universe. Dr Rebecca Lee is the world's first female explorer to reach the "three poles" of the world - the North Pole, South Pole and summit of Mount Everest. Dr Lee has four times reached the summit of Mount Everest, looking far and wide from the top of the world. She has also reached the Polar Regions to observe the sky and land. Visits to the extreme lands has empowered Dr Lee with a broad mind and vision, while her thoughts and emotions attached to her nation and the ecology of the earth has long transcended the limitations of the mundane world.

A native of Sansui district in the province of Guangdong, Dr Rebecca Lee graduated from the Hong Kong Technical College (now The Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in 1964, majoring in commercial design. She established a commercial design and advertising company after she graduated, and has worked as a professional advertising designer, artist, photographer and writer. In 1985, Dr Lee was invited to join China's National Antarctic Expedition, and helped to promote the building of China's first Antarctic scientific research station. Stepping foot for the first time on the Antarctic, the land of ice and snow, Dr Lee realized the preciousness of the natural world as well as the damages caused by global warming, and recognized the urgency to promote environmental protection. That is when she decided to give up the advertising business she has endeavoured, and devoted wholeheartedly to the work of polar exploration.

The two extreme points of Earth, namely the ice and snow of the Arctic and the ancient land of the Antarctic, are barren and remote. The two poles seem so far beyond reach, and are of no concern to mankind. But in fact, every part of the natural world is closely related. As the two poles greatly affect the Earth's atmosphere and marine activities, therefore they carry the function of regulating seasonal change and rainfall, exerting great influence on the daily lives as well as the future of mankind. In order to achieve greater understanding on how the change of glaciers at the two poles affect the Earth's climate, and record the findings through words and images for the use of environmental education, Dr Lee has travelled to the two poles more than 18 times. With a sincere heart and an extraordinary penmanship, Dr Lee has written many articles on the ecology of the Polar Regions, and has authored numerous books documenting her life in the extreme lands. Aside from words, with Dr Lee's gifted talent of photography and an incredible sharp sense, she has also captured the scenery of the Polar Regions. Some of Dr Lee's main works include: *The Poles Declaration, Bai se li liang: Nan bei ji de hui xiang* (《白色力量: 南北極的回響》), *Bei bing yang xi yu* (《北冰洋細語》), *Ji di jing qing* (《極地驚情》), *Ji di sou ying*

(《極地搜影》), Mang mang bei ji lu (《茫茫北極路》), Nan bei ji zu yin (《南北極足音》), Nan ji chang ye (《南極長夜》), Nan ji lu qing (《南極旅情》), Antarctic Fantasy, Sha mo xing zhou (《沙漠行舟》), Xue yu hong chen (《雪域紅塵》), Go Along with the Esqumau, Zhu feng mi yu (《珠峰密語》), Nan ji zhui zong (《南極追縱》), Bei ji zhui zong (《北極追縱》), which are all bestsellers of all times, with numerous editions printed.

With her words and photography, Dr Lee has awakened mankind to show more concern to the ecology of the Polar Regions, and to reflect on how to grasp a balance between the availability of natural resources and the desire of humans. In the prologue of her book Bai se li liang: Nan bei ji de hui xiang (《白色力量:南北極的回響》), which was published in 1991, Dr Lee has solemnly warned the world that "the two Polar Regions are just like a reticent giant, usually hiding at the far edges of the world. However her every move will trigger the sensitive nerve of global change. Therefore ignoring her existence will be a historical mistake". Dr Lee's judgement was accurate. In 1999, icebreakers in the Arctic Ocean would be stopped by glaciers when they reach the latitude of 74° north, but by 2010 icebreakers could easily reach the 88° north, indicating the Arctic ice is melting rapidly. In the meantime the global temperature is rising; the seasons are out of sync, acid rain is falling constantly, while floods and droughts are occurring unpredictably. Aside from words, photographs taken by Dr Lee are also vibrant and stunning. A touching picture published on Bei ji zhui zong (《北極追縱》) showed polar bear, which lost its home due to the melting of Arctic ice, was looking for food on a piece of broken ice, agonizing over the fact that the ice are slowly disappearing. The books has led to serious debate among the readers, questioning on how to preserve the natural habitat of the Polar Regions, as well as on how to deal with the dilemma created by global warming. Environmental issues became more widely discussed because of Dr Lee's fabulous penmanship and splendid pictures.

While the glaciers at the Polar Regions continue to melt away, Dr Lee's determination to preserve the environment is stronger than ever. In 1997, Dr Lee founded the Polar Museum Foundation, and has served as its director since then. The foundation's goal is to compile the results of scientific research conducted by different countries, and pushed forward the work of environmental protection around the world. Dr Lee actively advocated the exploration and study of the Polar Regions, and promoted the knowledge of environmental science. She has hosted hundreds of lectures in Hong Kong, Macau and the mainland, and has spoken to more than half a million students about the magnificence of the polar scenery, and the damages pollution has done to the environment. Dr Lee has also held numerous photo exhibitions of the Polar Regions, and produced television documentaries to share her experience and feelings with the public. She is adored by students and numerous followers, and is honoured by the nickname "Hong Kong's queen of snow".

Glaciers may keep their cool, but the queen of snow is warm and gentle. She has visited different parts of the world to promote the work of environmental protection, once saying that "speaking in person to several hundreds of students at one time is the quickest and most direct way to achieve results. I have personally been to those places, and the students will believe

me because I am more appealing to them". Dr Lee has dedicated her life to the exploration of the Polar Regions and environmental protection, while her professionalism, devotion and personal experience has led the youth to their journey of environmental protection. Dr Lee is also devoted to raise local awareness on environmental protection, serving as an adviser for the Hong Kong Government's Leisure and Cultural Services Department as well as the mainland's Polar Research Committee of the Chinese Academy of Sciences. Dr Lee was awarded the title of Doctor of Humanities, *honoris causa* respectively by Lingnan University in 2000 and The Hong Kong Institute of Education in 2012. She was also conferred the honorary title of University Fellowship by The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2009, in recognition of her contribution to polar research and environmental education.

The Chinese University of Hong Kong has always been concerned with work of environmental research and education. It established the Institute of Environment, Energy and Sustainability in 2011, and is currently constructing the Museum of Climate Change. Dr Lee has promised to work with the University, and provide her thousands of valuable pictures and samples to the museum for exhibition and educational purposes. When the construction of the museum is complete, the University's students as well as the general public will be educated and enlightened by the importance of environmental protection. Dr Lee has also given numerous lectures at the University, and is deeply respected by the University's faculty members and students.

Dr Lee has dedicated her life to promote the work of environmental protection, travelling to the Polar Regions to gather information. She mentored the youth to cherish the planet, and practice on what she preaches. During the past 40 years, numerous people began to treasure the planet because of Dr Lee's books, exhibitions and lectures. Dr Lee has contributed outstandingly to the cause of environmental education, made extraordinary achievements and is greatly influential. She is one of our country's greatest explorers, and is deeply honoured by the youth.

Mr Chairman, Dr Lee is a Chinese explorer who has four times reached the summit of Mount Everest Region, and has entered the Polar Regions eighteen times without fear. To recognise her perseverance and unshaken devotion to environmental protection, it is my privilege to present to you Dr Lee Lok-sze, Rebecca for the award of an Honorary Fellowship of the University.

Dr Leong Siu Hung, Edwin, DSc (Hon), BSc, MSc

The time was more than fifty years ago. The respected and prosperous Hong Kong businessman, Mr Henry G Leong, had a serious problem. He was over 60 and not in good health. He knew he would not live to see his youngest son, who was still a child, reach maturity. How could he provide for the boy's future even when he would not be there to watch over the son as he grew up? After many sleepless nights the father came up with his solution: a two-stage inheritance, with one portion at 25 years of age, and the second at 30. This way any mistakes made after the first inheritance would serve the young man as lessons for the second. When the son was nine, sadly, the father did indeed die, and the boy was brought up by his devoted mother.

He grew up to learn his lessons well. After education in Hong Kong and Canada culminating in a Master of Science degree at Toronto, an earlier career in the Hong Kong financial sector ran into trouble during the 1998 crisis, only to be replaced by a highly successful property investment business, now much larger than the one left behind by the father. The son had learned that a second start could work even if the first one failed. Out of that second start came one of the most valued philanthropic enterprises in the city. The double heart of this enterprise is care for the elderly, and care for the young. When the boy grew up he wanted to honor the memory and the wisdom of the elderly father he hadn't actually known; while just like that father he wanted to care for young people even if he didn't actually know them.

That young boy was Edwin Leong Siu Hung. The successful property company is Tai Hung Fai Enterprise Company Limited, founded in 1977; and the philanthropic institution is Tai Hung Fai Charitable Foundation. Following are just some of the many achievements of the Foundation, or should we say the achievements of Dr Leong through his Foundation, in providing care not just for children and the elderly but for the poor.

In 2007 Dr Leong created the Henry G Leong Mobile Integrative Health Centre, which provides free health screening and monitoring services out in the community, for the benefit of needy elderly people around Hong Kong. In 2009 came the Circle of Care-A Holistic Community Care Programme for Elders with Dementia, which is attached to the Tung Wah Hospital and offers screening tests and home- and centre-based services, as well as boosting public awareness on dementia as it tours around the territory of Hong Kong. Many beds and mattresses have also been donated for elderly and rehabilitation residential homes. Professorships in neurology, social work and social administration, and eye health in the elderly, have all been created with the specific purpose of improving services for older people.

Tai Hung Fai Charitable Foundation has also provided a wide range of support to the Hong Kong Breast Cancer Foundation, since its foundation in 2005, in offering education, research and advocacy services, as well as financial assistance to over 1,000 low income women for mammogram screening, as part of the fight against this condition. Underprivileged children with

congenital heart disease are helped through the Adventist Pediatric Heart Fund. An alarming and debilitating condition often associated with ageing, Parkinson's disease, is addressed through the Hong Kong Parkinson's Disease Foundation, of which Dr Leong is an Honorary Advisor. The Foundation has also supported St James's Settlement, a government emergency food bank service, enabling a much longer period of assistance to those with special needs for whom the government subsidy was not adequate.

Beyond Hong Kong, Dr Leong through his Foundation has offered support to poorer mainland children through the China Foundation for Poverty Alleviation. Tuition fees and living expenses have been offered to 300 high school and 550 university students, while around 6,000 care packages have been offered to primary students. Dr Leong also runs programmes in China to repair and rebuild schools in remote villages. He has already donated over \$1,000,000 for earthquake relief following the 2008 disaster.

Even on a much smaller local scale, Dr Leong's lifelong concern for the elderly was reflected in his donation of a lift for elderly churchgoers who were having difficulty climbing the stairs to the Hong Kong Ling Liang Church.

And of course, closest of all to home, here at The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Dr Leong established in November 2011 the Henry G Leong Gerontology and Geriatrics Endowed Professorship, for research into nutritional strategies for successful ageing and the impact of the living environment on health outcomes, and for the development of an ageing index and poverty index as population indicators of ageing well.

To this very day Dr Leong has remained true to the wisdom he learned and the gratitude he felt as a nine-year-old boy, arising from the decisions of a father he never really knew. And also from a mother he still knows: Dr Leong, famously, has dinner with his mother every evening, and has not travelled outside Hong Kong since 1996 so as to remain nearby. She it was who 36 years ago named the new company Tai Hung Fai after the brightness of her son; and she still lives as a reminder to him of two key Chinese values. One is the care for one's parents and for the elderly, which has been given such enhanced contemporary urgency by the worldwide social and demographic changes associated with our ageing populations. The other is the responsibility to give back, if one is able, to those from whom one has benefited. To give back—but not to dwell on one's giving. Dr Leong's philosophy of philanthropy is that you do good, but you don't remember the details. That would be to turn the act of giving into something self-regarding. A father who thinks only of how to look after his son long after his own death is the opposite of self-regarding.

It gives me great pleasure, Mr Chairman, in recognition of his exemplary services, on behalf of the elderly, the young and the needy to the Hong Kong and broader Chinese communities and to this University, to present to you Dr Edwin Leong Siu Hung, businessman and philanthropist, for the award of an Honorary Fellowship of the University.

Professor Mike McConville, LLB, PhD

If they are to flourish, societies everywhere need a sense of fairness: the sense that everyone is treated in the same way by social institutions, and that every individual has the same opportunity to be heard, treated with respect and afforded a measure of dignity. Nothing is more important to this sense of fairness than the rule of law, which means not just having laws but applying them. A fair application of a fair rule of law can go a long way all by itself to actually creating equality and respect for persons in any society.

As the child of an impoverished Irish family growing up in Wales, Mike McConville was aware from an early age of the meaning of social unfairness. It is no coincidence that he has dedicated his professional life as a socio-legal scholar to the principles of fairness and social justice. On them rests all his work in legal aid and assistance, plea-bargaining, trial by jury and legal history.

Professor McConville was the first member of his family to go to university; his degrees were from the University of London and Nottingham University. His career developed at the Universities of Birmingham and of Warwick, through Lecturer, Senior Lecturer and Reader positions to eventual Professorial appointments. At Warwick he later assumed for 10 years the role of Director of the Legal Research Institute as well as becoming for eight years Chair of the School of Law. The prestigious Walter E Meyer Research Professorship of Law at New York University happened along the way.

All this has the familiar appearance of many an academic career, if in this case an unusually successful one. But Professor McConville's deepest beliefs and values could never be fully captured by a mere listing of academic appointments. His 1977 co-authored book *Negotiated Justice* focused on the rights of individuals within the criminal justice system in England—and also, of course, in Wales. The book won the Cobden Trust Human Rights Award in 1978. The Trust, now called the Civil Liberties Trust, was originally named after the distinguished nineteenth-century British reforming statesman Richard Cobden, and is the supporting charity behind Britain's National Council for Civil Liberties, now called simply Liberty. The book displayed the two qualities always characteristic of Professor McConville's work: its scholarly or empirical thoroughness, and its passion for social justice. The award recognized both qualities, and both qualities are on display in all his other work on the British criminal justice system, including, notably, his research on black defendants.

Many other research projects followed, driven by the same value commitments and beliefs. The Walter Meyer project, for example, involved research into the provision of defence services for "indigent" or impoverished defendants, and resulted in a far-reaching reform of the legal advice system in New York, as well as a book and other research on the political background to the rise of plea bargaining. In 1996-97 Professor McConville was the leader of a team funded by the European Union which reviewed the dysfunctional criminal justice system in the impoverished African state of Malawi, following the overthrow of the dictator Dr Hastings Banda. The resultant study established a blueprint for reform and led to large-scale development projects in the country, and indeed to the

reconstruction of the whole legal system, thus contributing substantially to a wider community sense of fairness. Professor McConville has also undertaken important research projects leading to legal and human rights reform in other countries such as Turkey, Latvia and Peru. Outside academia he has long been active as a patron and founder member of the UK charitable organization called "Victims' Voice", which was established to protect the rights of victims and survivors of crime through the criminal justice system. He was also later to serve as a member of the Law Reform Commission of Hong Kong from 2002 to 2008.

With such a distinguished track record, indeed, it was our good fortune in Hong Kong that Professor McConville took up the position of Dean of the School of Law at the City University of Hong Kong in 2001. It was our even better fortune at this University that he became Founding Director of the then School of Law in 2005, going on to become Founding Dean of Law when the School attained Faculty status in 2008. Professor McConville brought years of administrative and fund-raising talent and experience to this role; he has been an especially successful creator of self-financing programmes. But beyond that he has brought the same visionary and innovative enthusiasm to university institution building and assembling teams of academics as he has to social institutions and assembling research teams. This University has been the beneficiary of both of these enthusiasms equally. We now have one of Hong Kong's best and most successful Law Schools, now in its fine new home in the Lee Shau Kee Building, devoted to Professor McConville's fundamental principles of maintaining the rule of law and protecting the rights of individuals.

Long before coming to Hong Kong, Professor McConville had already developed an interest in criminal procedure in China, and this eventually led in 2011 to the publication of perhaps his most significant work to date, *Criminal Justice in China: An Empirical Inquiry*. The book is the outcome of many years of ground-breaking empirical research in China, starting in 1994 at a conference on the reform of the Code of Criminal Procedure, followed by the development of a large research team. From 2002 onwards came the pioneering field investigation of Chinese criminal courts in action. The widely-acclaimed outcome of this largest and most systematic empirical inquiry ever undertaken into the Chinese justice system has been called a "breathtaking" and "tremendous" research effort, showing how social, economic and political transformations in China over the last half-century have influenced the practice of criminal justice in the country.

From his childhood experiences of social unfairness in the small community of Wales to this major investigation into the criminal justice system of the largest country in the world, Professor McConville has remained true to his fundamental beliefs in fairness and respect for the individual, and has sought throughout his career to see those values realized in systems of justice across the world. For this reason, and for his significant contribution to this university, Mr Chairman, it is my privilege to present to you Professor Mike McConville, legal scholar, university leader and champion of human rights in the field of criminal justice, for the award of an Honorary Fellowship of the University.